## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington D.C. 20549

#### FORM 10-Q

[X]	[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934							
	For the qu	parterly period ended March 31, 2019						
		or						
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACTOR 1934						
	For the transi	tion period from to						
	Commi	ssion file number: 000-28837						
		CRSEY MINING COMPANY f registrant as specified in its charter)						
	Idaho	82-0490295						
(St	tate or other jurisdiction of incorporation or	organization) (I.R.S. employer identification No.)						
		d Street, Coeur d'Alene, ID 83814 rincipal executive offices) (zip code)						
	Registrant's te	(208) 625-9001 lephone number, including area code						
Securit		has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(D) of the ling 12 months (or for such shorter period as the registrant was require ing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes [X] No []						
every I	nteractive Data File required to be submitter) during the preceding 12 months (or for su	submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, d and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of thi ch shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post						
such in	ics).	Yes [X] No [ ]						
smaller	e by check mark whether the registrant is a la reporting company. See definitions of "large ring growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the I	rge accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a accelerated filer," "accelerated filer", "small reporting company" and Exchange Act.						
Ι	Large Accelerated Filer	Accelerated Filer						
N	Non-Accelerated Filer	Smaller reporting company <u>X</u> .						
		Emerging growth company						
		nark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period ounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Ac						
	e by check mark whether the registrant is a No [X]	shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act)						

On May 1, 2019, 123,413,569 shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding.

#### NEW JERSEY MINING COMPANY QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

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#### PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1: CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

New Jersey Mining Company Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018

#### **ASSETS**

		March 31, 2019	1	December 31, 2018
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,725	\$	248,766
Gold sales receivable		165,401		74,673
Inventories		203,576		183,069
Joint venture receivable		2,357		2,051
Note receivable		150,000		150,000
Other current assets		146,917		103,223
Total current assets		690,976		761,782
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		6,489,442		6,567,350
Mineral properties, net of accumulated amortization		2,756,462		2,759,339
Investment in joint venture		435,000		435,000
Reclamation bond		103,320		103,320
Deposit on equipment		-		11,958
Total assets	\$	10,475,200	\$	10,638,749
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDE	ERS' EQUIT	ΓY		
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	534,916	\$	401,501
Accrued payroll and related payroll expenses		73,011		58,359
Notes payable related parties, current portion		33,391		47,591
Notes payable, current portion		176,171		217,679
Total current liabilities		817,489		725,130
Asset retirement obligation		156,510		154,292
Notes payable related parties, long term		180,700		189,236
Notes payable, long term		395,359		424,184
Total long term liabilities		732,569		767,712
Total liabilities		1,550,058		1,492,842

#### Commitments (Note 8)

#### Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, no par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, no par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; March 31, 2019-123,413,569 shares and December 31, 2018-123,413,569 shares issued and outstanding	17,492,980	17,492,980
Accumulated deficit	(11,625,709)	(11,420,305)
Total New Jersey Mining Company stockholders' equity	5,867,271	6,072,675
Non-controlling interest	3,057,871	3,073,232
Total stockholders' equity	8,925,142	9,145,907
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 10,475,200	\$ 10,638,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### New Jersey Mining Company Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited) For the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

		March 31			
		2019		2018	
Revenue:					
Gold sales	\$	1,144,675	\$_	1,101,391	
Total revenue	-	1,144,675	_	1,101,391	
Costs of Sales:					
Cost of sales and other direct production costs		955,793		1,025,719	
Depreciation and amortization		128,951		69,061	
Total costs of sales	_	1,084,744	-	1,094,780	
Gross profit	-	59,931	-	6,611	
Other operating expenses (income):					
Pre-development expense		65,567		-	
Exploration		72,882		99,232	
Management		37,815		21,802	
Professional services		56,007		66,577	
General and administrative		49,296		51,082	
Total other operating expenses (income)	-	281,567		238,693	
Operating income (expense)	-	(221,636)	_	(232,082)	
Other (income) expense:					
Interest income		(14,952)		(1,597)	
Interest expense		16,438		25,342	
Change in fair value of forward gold contracts		-		10,019	
Total other (income) expense	_	1,486	_	33,764	
Net income (loss)	-	(223,122)	-	(265,846)	
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest		(17,718)		(12,607)	
Net income (loss) attributable to New Jersey Mining Company	\$_	(205,404)	\$_	(253,239)	
Net income (loss) per common share-basic and diluted	\$_	Nil	\$	Nil	

Weighted average common shares outstanding-basic and diluted

113,018,46 123,413,569 9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### New Jersey Mining Company Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Common Stock		Accumulate d		Non- Controlling		Stockholde rs'	
	Shares		Amount	Deficit Attributable to New Jersey Mining Company		Interest		Equity
Balance, January 1, 2018	112,310,372	\$	15,985,51 2	\$ (12,250,319	\$	3,112,294	\$	6,847,487
Contribution from non-controlling interest in Mill JV	-		-	-		5,400		5,400
Issuance of common stock for cash net of offering costs	5,012,423		607,571	-		-		607,570
Issuance of common stock for property	1,333,333		233,333	-		-		233,333
Stock based compensation relating to options	-		16,634	-		-		16,635
Net income (loss)	-		-	(253,239)		(12,607)		(265,846)
Balance, March 31, 2018	118,656,128	\$	16,843,05 0	\$ (12,503,558	\$	3,105,087	\$	7,444,579
Balance, January 1, 2019	123,413,569	\$	17,492,98 0	\$ (11,420,305	\$	3,073,232	\$	9,145,907
Contribution from non-controlling interest in Mill JV	-		-	-		2,357		2,357
Net income (loss)	-		-	(205,404)		(17,718)		(223,122)
Balance, March 31, 2019	123,413,569	\$	17,492,98 0	\$ (11,625,709	\$	3,057,871	\$	8,925,142

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### New Jersey Mining Company Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) For the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

March 31,

	2019		2018
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ (223,122)	\$	(265,846)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	128,951		69,061
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	2,218		4,031
Stock based compensation	-		16,635
Change in fair value of forward gold contracts	-		10,019
Change in operating assets and liabilities:			
Gold sales receivable	(90,728)		211,984
Inventories	(20,507)		(58,162)
Joint venture receivable	(306)		(718)
Other current assets	(43,696)		(27,811)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	133,415		(10,672)
Accrued payroll and related payroll expenses	14,652		1,779
Interest payable to related parties	-		3,659
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(99,121)		70,265
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(36,208)		(182,634)
Purchase of mineral property	-		(7,179)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(36,208)	-	(189,813)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Sales of common stock and warrants, net of issuance costs	_		607,570
Payments on forward gold contracts	_		(62,900)
Gold purchased for payments on forward gold contracts	_		(84,214)
Principal payments on notes payable	(70,333)		(48,871)
Principal payments on notes payable, related parties	(22,736)		(42,852)
Contributions from non-controlling interest	2,357		5,400
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(90,712)	-	374,133
, ( ) 3	<u>( )</u>	-	,
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(226,041)		254,585
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	248,766		124,617
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 22,725	\$	379,202

Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Deposit on equipment applied to purchase of equipment	- \$	30,000
Note payable for equipment purchase	- \$	125,000
Forward gold contract exchanged for note payable, related party	- \$	492,783
Shares of common stock issued for mineral property	- \$	233,333

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. The Company and Significant Accounting Policies

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the management of New Jersey Mining Company (the "Company") in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements have been included.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist as of the date the financial statements are published, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of the Company's financial statements; accordingly, it is possible that the actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions, which could have a material effect on the reported amounts of the Company's financial position and results of operations. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019

For further information refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto in the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiary, the New Jersey Mill Joint Venture ("NJMJV"). Intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated. The portion of entities owned by other investors is presented as non-controlling interests on the consolidated balance sheets and statements of operations.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Gold Revenue Recognition and Receivables-Sales of gold sold directly to customers are recorded as revenues and receivables upon completion of the performance obligations and transfer of control of the product to the customer. For concentrate sales, the performance obligation is met, the transaction price can be reasonably estimated, and revenue is recognized generally at the time of shipment at estimated forward prices for the anticipated month of settlement. Due to the time elapsed from shipment to the customer and the final settlement with the customer, prices at which sales of our concentrates will be settled are estimated. Previously recorded sales and accounts receivable are adjusted to estimated settlement metals prices until final settlement by the customer. For sales of dore' and metals from doré, the performance obligation is met, the transaction price is known, and revenue is recognized at the time of transfer of control of the agreed-upon metal quantities to the customer by the refiner.

Sales and accounts receivable for concentrate shipments are recorded net of charges by the customer for treatment, refining, smelting losses, and other charges negotiated with the customers. Charges are estimated upon shipment of concentrates based on contractual terms, and actual charges typically do not vary materially from estimates. Costs charged by customers include fixed costs per ton of concentrate and price escalators. Refining, selling and shipping costs related to sales of doré and metals from doré are recorded to cost of sales as incurred. See Note 4 for more information on our sales of products.

Other Revenue Recognition-Revenue from harvest of raw timber is recognized when the performance obligation under a contract and transfer of control have both been completed. Sales of timber found on the Company's mineral properties are not a part of normal operations.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of full cost of production or estimated net realizable value based on current metal prices. Costs consist of mining, transportation, and milling costs including applicable overhead, depreciation, depletion and amortization relating to the operations. Costs are allocated based on the stage at which the ore is in the production process. Supplies inventory is stated at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

When required to measure assets or liabilities at fair value, the Company uses a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used. The Company determines the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall. The categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Level 1 uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 uses significant unobservable inputs. The amount of the total gains or losses for the period that are included in earnings are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date.

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company determined they had no assets or liabilities that required measurement at fair value on a recurring basis.

#### 1. The Company and Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Reclassifications

#### **New Jersey Mining Company**

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2019 financial statement presentation. Reclassifications had no effect on net income (loss), stockholders' equity, or cash flows as previously reported.

#### **New Accounting Pronouncement**

Accounting Standards Updates Adopted

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-02 Leases (Topic 842). The update modified the classification criteria and requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for most leases. The update was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of this update as of January 1, 2019 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07 Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The update involves simplification of several aspects of accounting for nonemployee share-based payment transactions by expanding the scope of Topic 718 to include nonemployee awards. The update was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of this update as of January 1, 2019 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Updates to Become Effective in Future Periods

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13 Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement. The update removes, modifies and makes additions to the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements. The update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. Management is evaluating the impact of this update on the Company's fair value measurement disclosures.

#### 2. Going Concern

The Company is currently producing from both the open-pit and underground at the Golden Chest Mine. In early March 2019 the Company increase production by 40 percent as more ore became available from the open pit and underground which is expected to improve cash flows from operations. In the past, the Company has been successful in raising required capital from sale of common stock, forward gold contracts, and additional debt. As a result of its planned production, equity sales and ability to restructure debt, management believes cash flows from operations and existing cash are sufficient to conduct planned operations and meet contractual obligations for the next 12 months.

#### 3. Inventories

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company's inventories consisted of the following:

	_	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Gold concentrate	\$	180,850	\$	137,530
Materials and supplies		22,726		45,539
Total	\$	203,576	\$	183,069

At March 31, 2019, gold concentrate inventory is carried at allocated production costs as it is lower than estimated net realizable value based on current metal prices.

#### 4. Sales of Products

Our products consist of both gold floatation concentrates which we sell to a broker (H&H Metal), and an unrefined gold-silver product known as doré which we sell to a precious metal refinery. Revenue is recognized upon the completion of the performance obligations and transfer of control of the product to the customer, and the transaction price can be determined or reasonably estimated.

For gold flotation concentrate sales, the performance obligation is met when the transaction price can be reasonably estimated and revenue is recognized generally at the time when risk is transferred to H&H Metal based on contractual terms. Based on contractual terms, we have determined the performance obligation is met and title is transferred to H&H Metal when the Company receives its first provisional payment on the concentrate because, at that time, 1) legal title is transferred to the customer, 2) the customer has accepted the concentrate lot and obtained the ability to realize all of the benefits from the product, 3) the concentrate content specifications are known, have been communicated to H&H Metal, and H&H Metal has the significant risks and rewards of ownership to it, 4) it is very unlikely a concentrate will be rejected by H&H Metal upon physical receipt, and 5) we have the right to payment for the concentrate. Concentrates lots that have been sold are held at our mill from 30 to 60 days, until H&H Metal provides shipping instructions.

#### 4. Sales of Products, continued

Judgment is required in identifying the performance obligations for our concentrate sales. We have determined that the individual performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when control of the concentrate is transferred to H&H Metal which is when H&H Metal pays us the first provisional payment on the concentrate based on contractual terms.

Our concentrate sales sometimes involve variable consideration, as they can be subject to changes in metals prices between the time of shipment and their final settlement. However, we are able to reasonably estimate the transaction price for the concentrate sales at the time of shipment using forward prices for the estimated month of settlement, and previously recorded sales and accounts receivable are adjusted to estimated settlement metals prices until final settlement for financial reporting purposes. Also, it is unlikely a significant reversal of revenue for any one concentrate lot will occur. As such, we use the expected value method to price the concentrate until the final settlement date occurs, at which time the final transaction price is known. At March 31, 2019, metals contained in concentrates and exposed to future price changes totaled 1,375 ounces of gold.

Sales and accounts receivable for concentrate shipments are recorded net of charges for treatment and other charges negotiated by us with H&H Metal, which represent components of the transaction price. Charges are estimated by us upon transfer of risk of the concentrates based on contractual terms, and actual charges typically do not vary materially from our estimates. Costs charged by the customer include fixed treatment, refining and costs per ton of concentrate and may include penalty charges for lead and zinc content above a negotiated baseline as well as excessive moisture.

For sales of metals from doré, the performance obligation is met, the transaction price is known, and revenue is recognized at the time of transfer of control of the agreed-upon metal quantities to the customer.

Sales of products by metal for the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	March 31						
		2019		2018			
Gold	\$	1,241,539	\$	1,208,904			
Silver		2,510		3,973			
Less: Smelter and refining charges		(99,374)		(111,486)			
Total	\$	1,144,675	\$	1,101,391			

Sales by significant product type for the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	March 31,						
		2019	2018				
Concentrate sales to H&H Metal	\$	1,133,898	\$	824,029			
Dore' sales to refinery		10,777		277,362			
Total	\$	1,144,675	\$	1,101,391			

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, our gold sales receivable balance related to contracts with customers of \$165,401 and \$74,673, respectively, consist only of amounts due from H&H Metal. There is no allowance for doubtful accounts.

We have determined our contracts do not include a significant financing component. For doré sales, payment is received at the time the performance obligation is satisfied. Consideration for concentrate sales is variable, and we receive payment for a significant portion of the estimated value of concentrate parcels at the time the performance obligation is satisfied.

We do not incur significant costs to obtain contracts, nor costs to fulfill contracts which are not addressed by other standards. Therefore, we have not recognized an asset for such costs as of March 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

#### 5. Related Party Transactions

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company had the following note and interest payable to related parties:

	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Mine Systems Design ("MSD"), a company in which our Company's Vice President owns 10.4%, 12% interest, monthly payments of \$4,910 through March 2019	\$ -	\$	14,696
Ophir Holdings LLC, a company owned by three of the Company's Officers, 6% interest, monthly payments of \$3,777 with a balloon payment of \$148,285 in February 2021	214,091		222,131
	214,091	_	236,827
Total	214,091		236,827
Current portion	(33,391)		(47,591)
Long term portion	\$ 180,700	\$	189,236

Related party interest expense for the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

March 31				
	2019		2018	
\$	3,589	\$	18,097	

Future principal payments of related party notes payable at March 31, 2019 are as follows:

12 months ended March 31

12 1110111113	chaca march 51,	
	2020	\$ 33,391
	2021	180,700
Total		\$ 214,091

During the three month periods ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company paid \$3,000 per month to the Company's chairman of the board, Del Steiner for consulting purposes.

As of March 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018, gold sales receivable from H&H Metals, who owns 4% of the Company's outstanding common stock, were \$165,401 and \$74,673, respectively. Concentrate sales to H&H Metals were \$1,133,898 and \$824,029, during the quarters ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### 6. Joint Ventures

#### **New Jersey Mill Joint Venture Agreement**

The Company owns 65% of the New Jersey Mill Joint Venture and has significant influence in its operations. Thus the venture is included in the consolidated financial statements along with presentation of the non-controlling interest. At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, an account receivable existed with Crescent Silver, LLC, the other joint venture participant ("Crescent"), for \$2,357 and \$2,051, respectively, for shared operating costs as defined in the JV agreement.

#### **Butte Highlands JV, LLC ("BHJV")**

On January 29, 2016, the Company purchased a 50% interest in Butte Highlands JV, LLC ("BHJV") from Timberline Resources Corporation for \$225,000 in cash and 3,000,000 restricted shares of the Company's common stock valued at \$210,000 for a total consideration of \$435,000. Highland Mining, LLC ("Highland") is the other 50% owner and manager of the joint venture. Under the agreement, Highland will fund all future project exploration and mine development costs. The agreement stipulates that Highland is manager of BHJV and will manage BHJV until such time as all mine development costs, less \$2 million are distributed to Highland out of the proceeds from future mine production. The Company has determined that because it does not currently have significant influence over the joint venture's activities, it accounts for its investment on a cost basis. The Company purchased the interest in the BHJV to provide additional opportunities for exploration and development and expand the Company's mineral property portfolio.

#### 7. Earnings per Share

#### **New Jersey Mining Company**

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

For the three month periods ending March 31, 2019 and 2018, all outstanding stock options (Note 12) and warrants (Note 11) were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share because they were anti-dilutive due to net losses in those periods.

#### 8. Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

Mill			
Land \$			ŕ
Building	536,193	3	536,193
Equipment	4,192,940	)	4,192,940
	4,954,422	2	4,954,422
Less accumulated depreciation	(602,276	)	(557,502)
Total mill	4,352,140	<u> </u>	4,396,920
Building and equipment			
Buildings	124,67	7	124,677
Equipment	1,680,074	ļ	1,631,908
	1,864,75	_	1,756,585
Less accumulated depreciation	(534,925	)	(453,625)
Total building and equipment	1,269,820		1,302,960
Land			
Bear Creek	266,934	ļ	266,934
BOW	230,449	)	230,449
Eastern Star	250,81	1	250,817
Gillig	79,13	7	79,137
Highwater	40,133	3	40,133
Total land	867,470	)	867,470
Total \$	6,489,442	2 \$	6,567,350

#### 9. Mineral Properties

Mineral properties at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
New Jersey	\$ 248,289	\$ 248,289
McKinley	250,000	250,000
Golden Chest	1,677,972	1,677,972
Crown Point	333,333	333,333
Butte Potosi	274,440	274,440
Less accumulated amortization	(27,572)	(24,695)
Total	\$ 2,756,462	\$ 2,759,339

New Jersey Mining Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 10. Notes Payable

At March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, notes payable are as follows:

M	arch 31, 2019	Dec	eember 31, 2018
\$	30,268	\$	31,319
	14,245		31,657
	25,509		27,616
	-		10,802
	145,425		152,125
	83,505		89,199
	34,933		36,230
	23,660		24,798
	19,671		34,085
	171,305		179,552
	23,009		24,480
	571,530		641,863
	176,171		217,679
\$	395,359	\$	424,184
	\$	\$ 30,268 14,245 25,509 	\$ 30,268 \$ 14,245 \$ 25,509 \$ 145,425 \$ 83,505 \$ 34,933 \$ 23,660 \$ 19,671 \$ 171,305 \$ 23,009 \$ 571,530 \$ 176,171 \$ \$ \$ 176,171 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

All notes are collateralized by the property or equipment purchased in connection with each note. Future principal payments of notes payable at March 31, 2019 are as follows:

12 months ended
March 31,

2020		\$ 176,171
2021		121,133
2022		129,011
2023		105,110
2024		38,273
2025		1,832
	Total	\$ 571,530

#### 11. Stockholders' Equity

The Company offered a private placement in the first quarter of 2018. The private placement was for 5,012,423 units, each unit consisted of one share of the Company's stock and one half of one stock purchase warrant with each whole warrant

#### **New Jersey Mining Company**

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

exercisable for one share of the Company's stock at \$0.22 for 24 months. The Company sold 5,012,423 units for net proceeds of \$607,570.

#### **Stock Purchase Warrants Outstanding**

The activity in stock purchase warrants is as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Exercise Prices
Balance December 31, 2017	9,295,834	0.10-0.20
Issued in connection with private placements	4,804,289	0.18-0.22
Balance December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	14,100,123	\$0.10-0.22

#### 11. Stockholders' Equity, continued

These warrants expire as follows:

Shares	Exercise Price	<b>Expiration Date</b>
1,200,000	\$0.10	August 11, 2019
2,137,500	\$0.20	February 28, 2020
4,250,000	\$0.20	March 28, 2020
1,708,334	\$0.20	November 3, 2020
4,429,289	\$0.22	March 30, 2020
375,000	\$0.18	December 14, 2023
14,100,123	-	-

#### 12. Stock Options

Stock based compensation costs are included in management, production, exploration, and general and administrative expenses where applicable. No options were issued in 2018 or the first quarter of 2019.

	Number of Options	Exercise Prices
Balance December 31, 2017	7,662,500	0.10-0.18
Expired	(500,000)	0.10
Issued	(108,000)	0.15
Balance December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	7,054,500	0.10-0.18
Exercisable at March 31, 2019	7,054,500	\$ 0.10-0.18

At March 31, 2019, outstanding stock options have a weighted average remaining term of approximately one year and an intrinsic value of approximately \$248,340.

#### 13. Asset Retirement Obligation

The Company has established asset retirement obligations associated with the ultimate closing of its mineral properties where there has been or currently are operations. Activity for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2019			2018	
Balance at beginning of period	\$	154,292	\$	121,560	
Accretion expense		2,218		4,013	
Revision of estimated reclamation costs		-		10,771	
Balance at end of period	\$	156,510	\$	136,344	

The estimated retirement obligation costs were discounted using credit adjusted, risk-free interest rate of 6.0% from the time the obligation was incurred to the time management expects to pay the retirement obligations.

#### 14. Note Receivable

On June 6, 2018, the Company loaned \$250,000 to West Materials, Inc. and William J. West (collectively "West") which bears interest at 8% if the loan goes into default and has a term of fifteen months. Five equal payments are due quarterly with the first two payments received in cash during 2018. For each payment, the Company has the option of receiving payment in cash or 48.45 troy ounces of gold. The Company plans to opt for cash payment unless the price of gold

#### **New Jersey Mining Company**

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

increases to a level where it would be more beneficial. The note receivable is collateralized by a mortgage on the Butte Gulch real property and a related net smelter royalty rights.

### Item 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **Plan of Operation**

New Jersey Mining Company is a gold producer focused on diversifying and building its asset base and cash flows through a portfolio of mineral properties located in historic producing gold districts in Idaho and Montana.

The Company's plan of operation is to generate positive cash flow, while reducing debt and growing its production and asset base over time while being mindful of corporate overhead. The Companies management is focused on utilizing its in-house skillsets to build a portfolio of producing mines and milling operations with a primary focus on gold and secondary focus on silver and base metals.

The Company's properties include: the Golden Chest Mine (currently in production), the New Jersey Mill (majority ownership interest), and a 50% carried to production interest in the past producing Butte Highlands Mine located in Montana. In addition to its producing and near-term production projects, New Jersey Mining Company has additional exploration prospects, including the McKinley and Eastern Star located in Central Idaho, and additional holdings near the Golden Chest in the Murray Gold Belt.

#### Highlights during the first quarter of 2019 include:

- For the quarter ending March 31, 2019 approximately 11,550 dry metric tonnes (dmt) were processed at the Company's New Jersey mill at a head grade of 3.20 grams per tonne (gpt) with gold recovery of 87.1%. A five-day mill schedule was started in March which has increased monthly mill production by approximately 40%. Gold sales for the quarter were 960 ounces.
- Open pit mining progressed from the 1012 bench to the 1009 bench. More mill feed has been mined per bench as mining has progressed to the Skookum shoot area of the vein. Open pit mine production averaged 1,040 tonnes per day (mineralized material and waste).
- Underground mining focused on access development for the 857 stope along with mining of the 848 stope. The 848 north stope advanced significantly during the quarter and the 848 south stope was started. The average grade of the 848 north stope has been encouraging with a grade of 8.50 gpt gold for over 100 meters of strike.
- Focused drilling on the Skookum area of the Golden Chest for a possible expansion of the underground mining operation, as well as resource expansion drilling to the south in the Paymaster and Joe Dandy areas.
- NJMC's core rig was used for development drilling in support of underground operations at the Golden Chest.
   Two drillholes, totaling 257 meters, successfully intercepted the Idaho Fault and associated gold-quartz veins in front of the 857 stope.
- A core hole, called the "layback" hole was completed to evaluate the potential for pit expansion to the north. The drilling intercepted a large interval of potentially bulk-mineable gold mineralization adjacent to the open pit. GC 18-175 returned 1.0 g/t gold over 33.6 meters true thickness starting from a depth of 40.7 meters below ground surface including 3.26 g/t over 3.7 meters just below the Idaho Fault.
- Exploration drilling intercepted high-grade gold mineralization in the Paymaster Shoot. Drillhole GC 18-176 returned 39.5 g/t gold over 0.41 meters from a depth of 89.5 meters, and 25.7 g/t gold over 0.49 meters from 124.1 meters. Drillhole GC 18-177 returned 18.2 g/t gold over 0.55 meters from a depth of 95.8 meters, and 70.3 g/t gold over 0.36 meters from 114.9 meters. All reported intervals are the true thickness of the vein.

#### **Results of Operations**

Our financial performance during the quarter are summarized below:

- The Company had a net loss of \$223,122 in the three months ending March 31, 2019 compared to a net loss of \$265,846 in 2018.
- Revenue was \$1,144,675 for the three month period ending March 31, 2019 compared to \$1,101,391 for the comparable period in 2018.
- The consolidated net income for the first three months included non-cash charges as follows: depreciation and amortization of \$128,951 (\$69,061 in 2018), accretion of asset retirement obligation of \$2,218 (\$4,031 in 2018), stock based compensation of \$16,635 in 2018, none in 2019, and change in fair value of forward gold contracts of \$10,019 in 2018, none in 2019.
- Net loss attributable to New Jersey Mining Company was \$205,404 and \$253,239 in the three months period ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

For the	Three	Months	Ended
	Mar	ch 31.	

Net cash provided (used) by:	2019	2018
Operating activities	\$ (99,121)	\$ 70,265
Investing activities	(36,208)	(189,813)
Financing activities	(90,712)	374,133
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(226,041)	254,585
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	248,766	124,617
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 22,725	\$ 379,202

The Company is currently producing from both the open-pit and underground at the Golden Chest Mine. In early March 2019 the Company increase production by 40 percent as more ore became available from the open pit and underground which is expected to improve cash flows from operations. In the past, the Company has been successful in raising required capital from sale of common stock, forward gold contracts, and additional debt. As a result of its planned production, equity sales and ability to restructure debt, management believes cash flows from operations and existing cash are sufficient to conduct planned operations and meet contractual obligations for the next 12 months.

As a result of its planned production, equity sales and ability to restructure debt, management believes cash flows from operations and existing cash are sufficient to conduct planned operations and meet contractual obligations for the next 12 months.

#### Item 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not required for small reporting companies.

#### Item 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

At March 31, 2019, our President who also serves as our Chief Accounting Officer evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), which disclosure controls and procedures are designed to insure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within required time periods specified by the Securities & Exchange Commission rules and forms.

Based upon that evaluation, it was concluded that our disclosure controls were effective as of March 31, 2019, to ensure timely reporting with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Specifically, the Company's corporate governance and disclosure controls and procedures provided reasonable assurance that required reports were timely and accurately reported in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There was no material change in internal control over financial reporting in the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

#### **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

#### Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

Neither the constituent instruments defining the rights of the Company's securities filers nor the rights evidenced by the Company's outstanding common stock have been modified, limited or qualified.

During the first quarter of 2018 the Company issued 5,012,423 shares of unregistered common stock at \$0.13 per share for net proceeds of \$607,570 net of commission and brokerage costs as a result of a private placement offering. No shares were issued in the first quarter of 2019.

The Company relied on the transaction exemption afforded by Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Regulation D Rule 506(b). The common shares are restricted securities which may not be publicly sold unless registered for resale with the Securities and Exchange Commission or exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

New Jersey Mining Company
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

The Company has no outstanding senior securities.

#### Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Pursuant to Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), issuers that are operators, or that have a subsidiary that is an operator, of a coal or other mine in the United States are required to disclose in their periodic reports filed with the SEC information regarding specified health and safety violations, orders and citations, related assessments and legal actions, and mining-related fatalities. During the quarter ended March 31, 2019, the Company had no citations for a violation of mandatory health or safety standards that could significantly and substantially (S&S citation) contribute to the cause and effect a mine safety or health hazard under section 104 of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977. There were no legal actions, mining-related fatalities, or similar events in relation to the Company's United States operations requiring disclosure pursuant to Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Act.

#### Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

## New Jersey Mining Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

3.0*	Articles of Incorporation of New Jersey Mining Company filed July 18, 1996
3.1*	Articles of Amendment filed September 29, 2003
3.2*	Articles of Amendment filed November 10, 2011
3.3*	Bylaws of New Jersey Mining Company
10.1*	Venture Agreement with United Mine Services, Inc. dated January 7, 2011.
10.2*	Idaho Champion Resources Lease with Cox dated September 4, 2013
10.3**	Rupp Mining Lease dated May 3, 2013
10.4**	Mining Lease with Hecla Silver Valley, Inc. Little Baldy prospect dated September 12, 2012
10.5***	Consent, Waiver and Assumption of Venture Agreement by Crescent dated February 14, 2014
10.6	Form of Forward Gold Purchase Agreement dated July 13, 2016 between the Registrant and Ophir Holdings LLC and incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 18, 2016.
10.7	Form of Forward Gold Purchase Agreement dated July 29, 2016 between the Registrant and Investors and incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 2016.
10.8	Registrant's Grant of Options to Directors and Officers dated December 30, 2016, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2017.
10.9	Form of Agreement to Purchase the "Four Square Property Group" of Patented and Un-Patented Mining Claims dated March 2, 2018, incorporated by reference to the Company's Form 8-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2018
10.10	Asset Purchase Agreement with Hecla Silver Valley, Inc. to Sell Patented and Un-Patented Mining Claims dated May 18th, 2018 and reported on the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 24, 2018 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 1, 2019.
14*	Code of Ethical Conduct.
21*	Subsidiaries of the Registrant
31.1****	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
31.2****	Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.1****	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.2****	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
99(i)	Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies-Filed as an exhibit to the registrant's annual report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2003 and incorporated by reference herein.
101.INS****	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH****	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL****	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF****	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB****	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE****	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Filed with the Registrant's Form 10 on June 4, 2014. Filed July 2, 2014

# New Jersey Mining Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) \*\*\* Filed March 31, 2015. \*\*\*\* Filed herewith.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### **NEW JERSEY MINING COMPANY**

By: /s/ John Swallow

John Swallow, its: President and Chief Executive Officer Date May 15, 2019

By: /s/ Grant Brackebusch

Grant Brackebusch, its: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Date: May 15, 2019